

Description

[Method for Stripping Cured Paint from Plastic, Steel, Aluminum, Brass, Magnesium and Non-Ferrous Substrates with Surfactants Low in Volatile Organic Compounds]

CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] 5,728,666 ISSUED ON MARCH 17, 1998, VITOMIR, CLASS 510/203. 5,894,854 ISSUED APRIL 20, 1999, MILES, CLASS 134/38. 6,130,192 ISSUED ON OCTOBER 10, 2000, VITO-MIR, CLASS 510/202. 6,296,718 ISSUED ON OCTOBER 2, 2001, MILES, CLASS 134/19. 6,479,445 ISSUED ON NOVEMBER 12, 2002, MACHAC, JR. ET AL., CLASS 510/206. 6,608,012 ISSUED ON AUGUST 19, 2003, MACHAC, JR., ET AL., CLASS 510/212.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION THIS INVENTION IS AN ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND METHOD TO STRIP CURED PAINT FROM PLASTIC, STEEL, ALUMINUM, BRASS, MAGNESIUM AND NON-FERROUS SUBSTRATES. A

PAINT STRIPPING COMPOSITION BASED ON SURFACTANTS LOW IN (VOCs) VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS. MORE SPECIFICALLY, A PAINT STRIPPING PROCESS INVENTED TO SALVAGE REJECT OR SOMETIMES CALLED REWORK PAINTED PRODUCTION PARTS. THE INDUSTRIAL, AUTOMOTIVE, APPLIANCE, AGRICULTURAL AND AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIES PAINT INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR PARTS TO PROTECT THE SUBSTRATES FROM CORROSION AND TO ENHANCE THE COSMETIC APPEARANCE TO HELP MARKET THE FINISHED PRODUCT. MOST PAINT FINISHING MANUFACTURES AND PAINT FINISHING JOB SHOPS HAVE A ZERO TOLERANCE FOR PAINT DEFECTS IN THE FINAL PRODUCT. THE FIRST PASS PAINT FINISH MANY TIMES WILL NOT PASS THE QUALITY INSPECTION. UP TO 30% OF FIRST PASS PAINT FINISHES ARE REJECTED BY THE QUALITY INSPECTORS AND SENT BACK TO BE STRIPPED AND REPROCESSED THROUGH PAINT. THIS INVENTION PROVIDES A PROCESS THAT MAY BE PLACED IN THE PAINT FINISHING PLANT OR JOB SHOP TO STRIP THE CURED PAINT COMPLETELY FROM THE REWORK PARTS FOR REPROCESS THROUGH PAINT IN A LIKE NEW CONDITION. PRIOR ART UTILIZED MANY DIFFERENT COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS TO STRIP THE CURED PAINT. PRIOR ART METHODS TO STRIP CURED PAINT INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: HIGH PH CAUSTIC HYDROXIDES, LOW PH ACID SOLUTIONS THAT WILL ATTACK SOFT BASE METAL SUBSTRATES SUCH AS ALUMINUM, GALVANIZED, BRASS, ZINC AND MAGNESIUM SUBSTRATES. HIGH TEMPERATURE BAKE OVENS OPERATE IN THE 600F TO 1200F RANGE, OFTEN CREATING METAL FATIGUE AND ADVERSELY AFFECTING THE LIFE OF THE PART. MOLTEN SALT BATHS ALSO OPERATE AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES UP TO 1000F AND THE SALT IS CORROSIVE. ORGANIC SOLVENTS ARE ALSO WIDELY USED TO STRIP CURED PAINT. THE CONCERN WITH SOLVENT PAINT STRIP TECHNOLOGIES IS

THE (VOCs) VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THAT ARE RELEASED INTO OUR EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE DEPLETING THE EARTH'S PROTECTIVE OZONE LAYER. ABRASIVES ARE ALSO USED TO STRIP CURED PAINT, MANY TIMES ADVERSELY AFFECTING THE SUBSTRATES SURFACE. ABRASIVES DO NOT REMOVE CURED PAINT FROM THE PARTS INTERIOR OR RECESSED AREAS AS WELL AS THIS INVENTION UTILIZING A SURFACTANT COMPOSITION IN A HEATED IMMERSION APPLICATION.

[0002]

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION THE INVENTOR DISCOVERED IMPROVED METHODS TO CHEMICALLY STRIP PLASTIC, STEEL, ALUMINUM, BRASS, MAGNESIUM, GALVANIZED STEEL, ZINC AND NON-FERROUS SUBSTRATES. THIS METHOD IS MORE ENVIRONMENTALLY DESIRABLE THAN PAST ART PAINT STRIP METHODS. THIS INVENTION IS LOW IN (VOCs) VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS. THE INVENTION PROVIDES EXCELLENT PENETRATION AND SOLVENCY WITHOUT THE NEED FOR ORGANIC SOLVENTS. WHEN HEATED IN AN IMMERSION STRIP TANK FROM 150F. TO 350F. THE COMPOSITION EFFECTIVELY REMOVES PAINT BY DISSOLVING AND UNDERCUTTING THE CURED PAINT FILM, NORMALLY WITHIN 1-HOUR. THE COMPOSITION WILL STRIP MOST CURRENT PAINT TECHNOLOGIES INCLUDING, NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: ELECTRO- DEPOSITION (E-COAT), POWDER COAT TECHNOLOGIES, SOLVENT BORNE, WATER BORNE AND CLEAR COAT TECHNOLOGIES, LACQUER TECHNOLOGIES, LATEX TECHNOLOGIES, EPOXY COATING TECHNOLOGIES AND URETHANE COATING TECHNOLOGIES. THE METHOD OR PROCESS OF USE REQUIRES A HEATED HOT STRIP TANK CAPABLE OF 150F. TO 350F. WITH GOOD VENTILATION

AND A MIXER FOR AGITATION AND UNIFORM HEAT TRANSFER. THE INVENTION IS A UNIQUE COMPOSITION TO STRIP CURED PAINT THAT EXHIBITS LOW (VOCs) VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS.

[0003]

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION THE COMPOSITION OF THIS INVENTION CONSISTS OF A MIXTURE OF, NOT LIMITED TO, TWO SURFACTANTS SELECTED FROM THE GROUP CONSISTING; A) SURFACTANTS, NON-IONIC SURFACTANTS, ANIONIC SURFACTANTS, CATIONIC SURFACTANTS, AMPHOTERIC SURFACTANTS, ACETATE BASED SURFACTANTS, ACETYLENE BASED, SOLVENT BASED SURFACTANTS, PHOSPHATE ESTER SURFACTANTS, ACID PH BASED SURFACTANTS, ALKALINE PH BASED SURFACTANTS, NEUTRAL PH SURFACTANTS, SULFONIC ACID SURFACTANTS, PHOSPHORIC ACID SURFACTANTS, FATTY ACID BASED SURFACTANTS, INORGANIC ACID BASED SURFACTANTS, CARBOXYLATE BASED SURFACTANTS, ALKYLATE BASED SURFACTANTS, ALCOHOL BASED SURFACTANTS, NONYLPHENOL SURFACTANTS, OXIDE-BASED SURFACTANTS, SULFUR BASED SURFACTANTS, ALKYLPHENOL CONTAINING SURFACTANTS, ETHOXYLATED SURFACTANTS, SULPHONATED SURFACTANTS, AMINE BASED SURFACTANTS, AMIDE SURFACTANTS, GLYCOL BASED SURFACTANTS AND QUATERNARY SURFACTANTS AND SURFACTANT BLENDS THEREOF, COMPRISING 51% TO 100% OF THE TOTAL WEIGHT OR VOLUME OF THE COMPOSITION, WITH THE REMAINING 0.5%-49% BALANCE CONSISTING OF ADDITIVES SELECTED BY THE GROUP CONSISTING; WATER, ORGANIC SOLVENTS, ALCOHOLS, ALIPHATIC SOLVENTS, POLAR SOLVENTS, NON-POLAR SOLVENTS, NAPHTHA, OXYGENATED SOLVENTS, CHLORINATED SOLVENTS, ACETONES, KETONES,

ACETATES, TERPENE SOLVENTS, ESTERS, ACETYLENE SOLVENTS, GLYCOLS, ETHERS, PROPIONATE SOLVENTS, CARBONATES, AROMATIC SOLVENTS, KEROSENE, FATTY ACID BASED SOLVENTS, VEGETABLE BASED SOLVENTS, ACIDS, INORGANIC ACIDS, ORGANIC ACIDS, FATTY ACIDS, LACTIC ACIDS, GLYCOLIC ACIDS, ALKALINE HYDROXIDES, ALKALINE SILICATES, PHOSPHATES, SULFATES, NITRATES, ALKALINE SALTS, ACID SALTS, ETHANOL AMINES, PEROXIDES, OXIDIZERS, RUST INHIBITORS, CHELATORS, DEFOAMERS, SURFACTANTS AND MIXTURES THEREOF; B) IMMERSING SAID CURED PAINTED SUBSTRATE IN SAID STRIP TANK CONTAINING SAID STRIPPING COMPOSITION; AND C) HEATING SAID STRIPPING COMPOSITION FROM 150F. TO 350F. FOR APPROXIMATELY 1-3 HOURS, WHEREIN CURED PAINT IS REMOVED FROM SAID SUBSTRATE. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS INVENTION, IT IS DISCOVERED THAT CURED PAINTED PARTS IMMersed IN A MIXTURE OF AT LEAST TWO SURFACTANTS AND SURFACTANT BLENDS THEREOF, COMPRISING 51% TO 100% OF THE TOTAL WEIGHT OR VOLUME OF THE COMPOSITION, WITH THE REMAINING 0.5%-49% BALANCE COMPRISING ADDITIVES AT TEMPERATURES RANGING FROM 150F. TO 350F. DEGREES IN AN IMMERSION HOT STRIP TANK FOR TIME RANGING FROM 15 MINUTES TO 3-HOURS WILL BE COMPLETELY STRIPPED FOR REPROCESS THROUGH PAINT. THIS INVENTION WAS TESTED FOR PAINT REMOVAL WITH PRESENT INDUSTRIAL, AUTOMOTIVE, WHEEL, APPLIANCE, AGRICULTURAL AND AIRCRAFT INDUSTRY PAINT TECHNOLOGIES. PAINT TESTED WAS FROM THE FOLLOWING MANUFACTURES: DUPONT, PPG, AKZO NOBEL, BASF, RED DOT, MORTON, AND FERRO. PAINTS TESTED WERE POWDER, E-COAT, AUTOMOTIVE-(E-COAT, BASE COAT/CLEAR COAT), URETHANE, LACQUER AND UV-CURED BASE COAT. RESULTS WERE OBSERVED AFTER IMMERSING

PARTS WITH CURED PAINT IN TO THE COMPOSITION AT TEMPERATURES RANGING FROM 150F. TO 350F. DEGREES. THE TIME TO COMPLETELY STRIP PARTS FOR REPROCESS IS PROVIDED BELOW:

ANIONIC SURFACTANT MIXTURE AT 200F. MIXTURE OF 60% TRIDECYLBENZENE SULFONIC ACID, 39% DODECYLBENEZENE SULFONIC ACID, 1% GLYCOLIC ACID. PAINT TECHNOLOGIES STRIP TIME E-COAT 20 MINUTES POWDER COAT 1-HOUR AUTOMOTIVE 1-HOUR LACQUER 30 MINUTES URETHANE-FASCIA 15 MINUTES URETHANE-EXTERIOR 45 MINUTES UV-CURED BASE COAT 3-HOURS

NONIONIC SURFACTANT MIXTURE AT 350F. MIXTURE OF 50% ALKYLPHENOL-HYDROXYPOLYOXYETHYLENE (10 MOL), 49% ALKYLPHENOL-HYDROXYPOLYOXYETHYLENE (4 MOL), 1% POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE. PAINT TECHNOLOGIES STRIP TIME E-COAT 15 MINUTES POWDER COAT 1-HOUR AUTOMOTIVE 2-HOURS LACQUER 15 MINUTES CLEAR COAT 45 MINUTES

TEMPERATURE IS TOO HIGH FOR PLASTIC SUBSTRATES. NONIONIC SURFACTANT MIXTURE AT 300F. MIXTURE OF 50% ETHOXYLATED ALCOHOL (C11 LINEAR PRIMARY ALCOHOL), 49% ETHOXYLATED ALCOHOL (C9 LINEAR PRIMARY ALCOHOL), 1% TRIETHANOLAMINE. PAINT TECHNOLOGIES STRIP TIME E-COAT 30 MINUTES POWDER COAT 1-HOUR AUTOMOTIVE 3-HOURS LACQUER 25 MINUTES CLEAR COAT 1-HOUR

TEMPERATURE IS TOO HIGH FOR PLASTIC SUBSTRATES. CATIONIC/AMPHOTERIC SURFACTANT MIXTURE AT 220F. MIXTURE OF 25% CATIONIC QUATERNARY AMMONIUM, 25% CATIONIC DIAMINE, 25% AMPHOTERIC ALKYL AMPHOCARBOXYLIC ACID, 25% GLYCOLIC ACID. PAINT TECHNOLOGIES STRIP TIME E-COAT 50 MINUTES POWDER COAT 1-HOUR AUTOMOTIVE 1-HOUR LACQUER 50 MINUTES URETHANE-FASCIA 1-HOUR URETHANE-EXTERIOR 1-HOUR

[0004]